

## **BIOHAZARDOUS AGENT REFERENCE DOCUMENT**

Campylobacter jejuni

The Biohazardous Agent Reference Document (BARD) is a general guidance resource that reviews and summarizes the nature of a pathogen or biotoxin, and offers safety requirements for work with the agent in the laboratory. The BARD may replace the formal SOPs used in conjunction with some IBC registrations.

The BARD is provided as an additional guidance tool, and is not a substitute for a risk assessment, biosafety training, lab-specific training, or a formal <u>IBC master protocol registration</u>. This document should be readily available in the laboratory, and it is the responsibility of the Laboratory Supervisor or Principal Investigator to ensure that all personnel have read, understood, and signed the document. The BARD is for informational purposes only, and is not intended to be a substitute for professional medical advice, diagnosis, or treatment. Please consult a health care provider for any medical questions or concerns.

## **INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. Review the information contained in this document.
- 2. Add any necessary information that is specific to your work in the laboratory (such as strain-specific information). Please be sure that the track changes function is turned on to indicate any changes that you make.
- 3. Instruct all personnel to review the BARD and sign the last page, indicating that they have read and understood the information.
- 4. Submit the BARD along with your IBC master protocol registration, amendment, or continuing review.

Principal Investigator: _	 IBC Registration #: _	
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Campylobacter jejuni

CHARACTERISTICS	
Morphology	Gram-negative, non-spore forming, motile,
	s-shaped rod bacterium
Strain Specific	
Characteristics	

HEALTH HAZARDS		
Host Range	Humans, wild & domestic animals, livestock,	
	birds, insects	
Modes of	Ingestion, contact with non-intact skin, mucous	
Transmission	membrane contact. Aerosol transmission	
	unknown.	
Signs and	Diarrhea (sometimes bloody) lasting 2-10 days,	
Symptoms	mild to severe abdominal pain, fever, malaise,	
	nausea, vomiting	
Infectious	500 - 800 organisms by ingestion	
Dose		
Incubation	1 - 10 days	
Period		

MEDICAL PRECAUTIONS / TREATMENT		
Prophylaxis	None available	
Vaccines	None available	
Treatment	Supportive treatment, Erythromycin for severe	
	cases	
Surveillance	Monitor for symptoms and test using serology,	
	or culture and identification from stool sample	
UVM IBC	Report any exposures or signs and symptoms to	
Requirements	your supervisor.	
Additional	May have adverse effects on the fetus if	
Medical	contracted during pregnancy, may cause	
Precautions	additional complications in young children or	
	immunocompromised people.	

LABORATORY HAZARDS		
Laboratory Acquired Infections	Several cases reported	
Sources	Feces, blood, sputum, tissues from infected humans & animals, laboratory cultures	

CONTAINMENT	REQUIREMENTS
BSL - 2	Manipulation of known or potentially infected clinical samples and cultures of laboratory adapted strains (RG2)
BSL - 3	
ABSL - 2	Work with animals infected with risk group 2 strains
ABSL - 3	
Aerosol generating activities	Centrifugation, homogenizing, vortexing or stirring, changing of animal cages, cell sorting, pipetting, pouring liquids, sonicating, loading syringes
Primary containment device (BSC)	Use for aerosol-generating procedures, high concentrations, or large culture volumes

EXPOSURE P	PROCEDURES	
Mucous	Flush eyes, mouth or nose for 15 minutes at eyewash	
membrane	station.	
s		
Other	Wash area with soap and water for 15 minutes	
exposures		
Medical	Contact UVMMC Infectious Disease Dept. directly at	
Follow-Up	(802) 847-2700 for immediate assistance	
Reporting	Report all exposures or near misses to:	
	Your immediate Supervisor	
	2. The UVM Biosafety Officer at (802) 777-9471	
	and Risk Management at 6-3242	
	<ol><li>Risk Management and Safety;</li></ol>	
	https://www.uvm.edu/riskmanagement/inci	
	dent-claim-reporting-procedures	

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)		
Minimum PPE	Nitrile gloves, lab coat, appropriate eye/face	
Requirements	protection. Wash hands after removing gloves.	
Additional	Risk assessment dependent	
Precautions		

rincipal Investigator:	IBC Registration #:	



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VIABILITY	
Disinfection	Susceptible to 10 mg/L iodophor, 1:50,000
	quaternary ammonium compounds, 0.15%
	phenolic compounds, 70% ethanol, 0.125%
	glutaraldehyde, 10% bleach; with 10 minutes
	contact time.
Inactivation	Inactivated by heat (70°C for 1 minute), gamma
	irradiation
Survival	Capable of surviving freezing temperatures for
Outside Host	several months, many weeks in water at 4°C, and a
	few days in water above 15°C

SPILL CLEAN UP PROCEDURES		
Small Spill	Notify others working in the lab. Allow aerosols to	
	settle. Don appropriate PPE. Cover area of the	
	spill with paper towels and apply approved	
	disinfectant, working from the perimeter towards	
	the center. Allow 30 minutes of contact time	
	before clean up and disposal. Dispose in double	
	biowaste bags and biobox.	
Large Spill	Inside of a lab: Call UVM Service Operations at	
	656-2560 and press option 1 to speak to a	
	dispatcher. Ask them to page Risk Management	
	and Safety.	
	Outside of a lab: Pull the nearest fire alarm and	
	evacuate the building. Wait out front of the	
	building for emergency responders to arrive.	
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REFERENCES	
Canadian	https://www.canada.ca/en/public-
PSDS	health/services/laboratory-biosafety-
	biosecurity/pathogen-safety-data-sheets-risk-
	assessment/campylobacter-jejuni.html
BMBL	https://www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/b
	mbl5/
CDC	https://www.cdc.gov/foodsafety/diseases/cam
Guidelines	pylobacter/technical.html
Current	
Protocols in	
Microbiology	

	building for emergency responders to arrive.		
STUDENT / E	MPLOYEE NAME		
Biosafety Review:			
loff La Dassiana	Dialogical Sofaty Officer	 Date	
Jen Labossiere,	Biological Safety Officer	- 300	
Principal Inve	stigator:	IBC Registration #:	